B-2904

#### United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

### National Register of Historic Places Registration Form

This form is for use in nominating or requesting determinations of eligibility for individual properties or districts. See instructions in *Guidelines* for Completing National Register Forms (National Register Bulletin 16). Complete each item by marking "x" in the appropriate box or by entering the requested information. If an item does not apply to the property being documented, enter "N/A" for "not applicable." For functions, styles, materials, and areas of significance, enter only the categories and subcategories listed in the instructions. For additional space use continuation sheets (Form 10-900a). Type all entries.

<ol> <li>Name of Prop</li> </ol>	erty			_				
historic name		e Senator	Theatr	e				
other names/site nu	mber						-B-209	
2. Location								
street & number 59		Road				not for public	ation	
city, town Ba	altimore					vicinity		
state Ma	aryland code	24	county	Independent	code 5	510 zip co	de 21212	
3. Classification				74				
Ownership of Prope	rty	Category	of Property		Number of Res	sources within Prop	erty	
X private		X buildir	ng(s)		Contributing	Noncontributing	g	
public-local		distric	t		1	0buildii	ngs	
public-State		site				sites		
public-Federal		structu	ure		15.	struct	ures	
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Name of related mo		ng.				Number of contributing resources previously listed in the National Register0		
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Signature of certify	The state of the s	E HISTORI	C PRESE	RVATION OFFIC	CER	7-/9- a Date	19	
State or Federal ag	ency and bureau							
In my opinion, th	e property mee	ets  does	not meet th	e National Regist	er criteria.  Se	e continuation sheet.		
Signature of commenting or other official						Date		
State or Federal ag	ency and bureau							
. National Park	Service Certific	ation		***				
hereby, certify tha	t this property is:							
entered in the N	ational Register							
See continuation								
	ole for the Nationa	_						
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National Register	•	23		<del></del>				
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other, (explain:) _								
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	B-2904
6. Function or Use	
Historic Functions (enter categories from instructions)	Current Functions (enter categories from instructions)
RECREATION & CULTURE/theater	RECREATION & CULTURE/theater
*	COMMERCE/specialty store
	8
7. Description	
Architectural Classification (enter categories from instructions)	Materials (enter categories from instructions)
	foundation CONCRETE

BRICK

other

STUCCO

ASPHALT AND SLAG

Describe present and historic physical appearance.

#### DESCRIPTION SUMMARY:

Art Deco

The Senator Theatre, located in northern Baltimore, Maryland, is a 1939 Art Deco movie theater with a circular stucco and glass block lobby fronting a brick auditorium. It is further distinguished by a projecting semi-circular lighted marquee topped by a neon-traced, free-standing letter sign. Curving brick onestory wings flank the entrance facade. The entrance facade features black and marbleized Vitrolite, aluminum zig-zag decorative bands, and fluted aluminum moldings around the doors and the ticket office. The glass block of the upper lobby is arranged in stepped pyramids illuminated by colored neon backlights. interior of the lobby contains mural paintings, geometric decorative trim and panels, and a terrazzo floor. The concession area beyond the lobby is partially paneled with wood veneer. Opening off the concession area are the men's and ladies' lounges and restrooms, the manager's office, and the staircase to the mezzanine promenade. The promenade is also paneled in wood veneer and has free-standing wood veneer columns. The projection room is entered off the promenade and is flanked by two private viewing rooms. the main auditorium is a large, open space without a balcony. Curtained walls converge toward the proscenium, which is embellished by molded composition panels in stylized floral designs. The walls bear light sconces in aluminum and glass geometric design. Light boxes at the ceiling create prismatic effects above the proscenium and along the sides of the central panel. The Senator Theatre retains most of its exterior details with little major alteration. The doorways have been enlarged and the aluminum moldings and those around the ticket office are replacements of the original trim. Some aluminum trim has been painted black. A brick cleaners shop was added to the north elevation in 1962. The interior of the theater has been altered primarily in terms of wall finishes in the auditorium and lounges. The former standing room area was enclosed to form the present concession area. The Senator Theatre's overall integrity of historic character remains high and the alterations are reversible or restorable.

	· 1	B-740
8. Statement of Significance		-B=2094
Certifying official has considered the significance of this proper nationally	ty in relation to other properties: statewide X locally	
Applicable National Register Criteria A B XC	□ D	
Criteria Considerations (Exceptions)	□D □E □F □G	
Areas of Significance (enter categories from instructions)  ARCHITECTURE	Period of Significance 1939	Significant Dates 1939
	Cultural Affiliation N/A	
Significant Person N/A	Architect/Builder Zink, John J., Archi Eyring, E. & Sons, I	Builder

State significance of property, and justify criteria, criteria considerations, and areas and periods of significance noted above.

SIGNIFICANCE SUMMARY:

The Senator Theatre is significant as the finest Art Deco movie theater still in use in Baltimore City and the most intact example in the city of this type of structure. It embodies the distinct characteristics of and architectural style which was not widely used for Baltimore buildings and it retains a high degree of integrity. Few Baltimore theaters of its era remain intact. Most have been destroyed or unsympathetically altered, leaving The Senator Theatre as the best example of its kind in the area. Built in 1939 as a suburban neighborhood movie house, The Senator Theatre later became a first run theater. Today it is one of only 11 local theaters or theater complexes still operating in Baltimore City. In continuous use since it was built, the theater has recently hosted local and world premieres of major motion pictures filmed in Baltimore. Architecturally, the building retains many significant exterior details including pigmented structural glass, glass block, neon signage, and decorative aluminum panels. The use of glass block on the rounded front facade is the most extensive use of this material as a decorative element in any Baltimore structure. The interior has seen little alteration and features a round lobby with terrazzo floor, wood veneer paneling (now covered), and murals. Other significant interior features include original carpeting adjacent to the upper level private viewing rooms, portions of original lighting in the auditorium, the upper level private viewing rooms, portions of original lighting in the auditorium, round columns, and decorative plaster panels. It was designed by a notable local architect, John J. Zink, and operated by Durkee Enterprises, one of the largest and oldest movie circuits in Baltimore.

	1	X See continuation sheet 9/1
Previous docume	ntation on file (NPS):	
	etermination of individual listing (36 CFR 67)	Primary location of additional data:
has been requ		X State historic preservation office
	ed in the National Register	Other State agency
	termined eligible by the National Register	Federal agency
	National Historic Landmark	Local government
The state of the s	listoric American Buildings	University
Survey #		XOther
	Historic American Engineering	Specify repository:
70 Ne	<u> </u>	Thomas A. Kiefaber, owner
	2	
10. Geographic	cal Data	
creage of prope	rty Less than one acre	
USGS Qua	d: Baltimore East, Maryland	
<b>UTM References</b>	STORM AND AND PARKET MAKES COMPANIES WITHOUT WITHOUT WORK	
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Zone Eastin	ng Northing	Zone Easting Northing
СППП		D
		See continuation sheet
Verbal Boundary	Description	
Lot 25 of	Ward 27, Section 6465, Block 5093B	on attached plat map.
	A.F.	
		_
		X See continuation sheet 10/1
Boundary Justifica	ation	
The bounda:	ry includes the two city lots (25 a	and 26) combined in 1939 to form the
	ngle lot upon which the resource st	
		See continuation sheet
\	18	
1. Form Prepa		
name/title	Janet L. Davis and Fred B. Shoken	
organization	Baltimore Heritage, Inc.	dateApril 26, 1989
street & number _	24 West Saratoga Street	telephone (301) 396-4866
city or town	Baltimore	state <u>Maryland</u> zip code <u>21201</u>

NPS Form 10-900-a

#### United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

### National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet The Sena

B-2904

The Senator Theatre Baltimore Maryland

Section number \_\_\_\_7 Page \_\_\_\_1

#### GENERAL DESCRIPTION:

The Senator Theatre is a free-standing theater located on the west side of York Road just south of Belvedere Avenue in the Govans neighborhood of northern Baltimore (Photos 1-7). The site is an irregular polygon, roughly trapezoidal in shape, occupying less than an acre of land. The theater is placed on the lot generally on a skewed east-west axis, with its west wall partially coinciding with the west property line (Photo 6). The south side of the auditorium wall overlooks a below-grade area into which, the auditorium's emergency exits discharge (Photo 7). The north side contains the service entrance, another exit and boiler and compressor rooms with a chimney stack (Photo 4). In 1962, the one-story dry cleaners shop was attached to the north side (Photo 3). It adjoins the manager's office, closing off an original glass block window.

The theater has two floors, but these are not articulated on the exterior. The circular drum of the lobby extends the full height of the building. Four brick piers covered with cream-colored stucco buttress the lobby. The stucco of the piers was originally stained in tones graduating up from dark to light at the score lines in the stucco. The colors are as yet unknown because no color photos or descriptions have been located.

Panels of glass block, "Insulux" in two patterns (Nos. 2 and 17 by Owens-Illinois), are lighted from behind by red and green neon tubes. The original lighting was fluorescent, but was replaced with neon for longer life sometime after World War II. The glass blocks are arranged in a stepped pyramid in each panel, similar to a skyscraper, with the ribs alternated for further effect (Photo 3). The two front piers also have a vertical glass block strip on each exposed face. The tops of the piers have galvanized tin moldings in a stylization of a capital. These are currently painted olive green. The molding extends around the top of the lobby wall.

The auditorium wall behind the lobby is medium red common bond brick. The bulk of the auditorium is distinguished by vertical setbacks which correspond to the converging of the interior walls toward the screen wall at the west end (Photo 5). The only exterior ornamentation is a series of graduated bands of darker-toned brick, increasing in number from bottom to top which correspond with the scoring lines in the stucco of the piers. Adjoining the lobby and entrance facade on both the north and south are curving one-story brick wings. The exteriors are gold iron-spot brick and are embellished only by poster display cases on the south wing and east face of the north wing (Photo 1). The junction of the north wing and the 1962 cleaners shop is marked by a change in the brick color (slightly darker on the shop facade) and a drop in the shop's parapet line (Photo 3). The shop extends west about 38 feet, ending just east of the service entrance on the north elevation. Its width on the street elevation is about 43 feet.

### National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet The Sena

B-2904

The Senator Theatre Baltimore Maryland

Section number \_\_\_\_7\_\_ Page \_\_\_\_2\_\_

The main entrance facade is under the marquee, a semi-circle with horizontal neon at its sides and the theater's name in free-standing letters in a geometric style on its front edge (Photo 2). The letters are also highlighted in neon. The underside of the marquee has recessed lighting. The marquee originally had exposed light bulbs numbering about 750 on its soffit. The concrete sidewalk in front of the entrance contains sections inscribed with the names of several recent movies filmed in Baltimore which had their local premieres at The Senator Theatre. The facade itself has a central ticket office flanked by two sets of double plate glass doors. The outer edges of the facade are the bases of the upper lobby's piers covered in black Vitrolite with poster display cases framed in aluminum molding. Horizontal bands of zig-zag aluminum, Kawneer Design No. 753, correspond to narrower, plain aluminum bands on the curved main facade wall (Photo 8). (Kawneer, of Niles, Michigan, is still in business.) This wall is covered with Walnut Agate Vitrolite panels, a marbleized pattern of white and tan on black. A marble base of Cardiff green extends across the entire facade. The door frames are fluted aluminum, replacing the original "Extrudalite" frames. The plate glass doors are also replacements (Photo 10). The ticket office has a glass screen with curving side panels over a fluted aluminum base (Photo 9). The base was originally etched black Vitrolite, but was replaced, along with the original glass block surround of the ticket office, possibly in the 1950s. A stepped, recessed-lighted aluminum decoration formerly topped the ticket office, but is now gone. Another Kawneer aluminum molding, Design No. 590, embellishes the top of the ticket office. The molding, like the zig-zag bands, was painted black in the 1950's.

The entrances lead directly into the lobby with its patterned terrazzo floor (See Floor Plan and Photo 11). The eye is immediately drawn up toward the central chandelier (replacing the original streamlined model) and the upper walls which are covered with murals by local artist Paul Roche depicting various fictional figures of the entertainment world, clowns, actors, animals, and settings in dramatic poses (Photos 12-13). At each corner of the mural near the openings to the promenade or mezzanine lounge is a figure with a motion picture camera. The style of painting is indistinct and lightly articulated, giving a misty, dreamy quality to the figures. Some faces are more clearly defined and the theater's owner has been told by longtime patrons that they are portraits of Roche's neighbors and relatives. The dog in the right corner is named Skippy and is said to be the artist's pet. The upper walls are broken by three openings into the promenade on the mezzanine (Photo 12). The openings are embellished by geometric volute panels below each railing. balustrades are bronze with aluminum top rails. The stepped soffits are original; the identical feature on the three doorways into the theater below was squared off during alterations in the 1950's or 1960's.

The lower walls were originally paneled in grained wood veneer, possibly walnut, over plywood. In the 1950's or 1960's, the walls were covered in a composition material. It is not clear whether the veneer is still in place under the present covering. Separating the mural and the lower wall is a band of zig-zag

## National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet The Sense

B-2996

The Senator Theatre Baltimore Maryland

Section number \_\_\_\_7 Page \_\_\_3\_

ornament duplicating in composition the aluminum Kawneer bands of the exterior (Photo 12). The lower walls contain poster display cases and, on opposite sides of the lobby, deeper niches which once held aquaria of tropical fish. An early photograph shows one niche had four openings, two of which appeared to hold a lamp, a radio, and a clock, suggesting a display from a nearby store. The walls are now lined with benches, plants and coming-attraction displays. Early photos show that a concession stand once stood in the lobby, as well as mythological busts on columns. The original ticket box, no longer present, was designed by the theater's architect, John J. Zink, and was a miniature version of one of the exterior piers, complete to the graduated colors.

The three doorways into the concession area pass through a small area (shown on the original plans as "lobby"; the circular area now commonly called the lobby was identified as the "foyer") where a subtle change in axis takes place. This is the junction between the axis perpendicular to the north-south street facade and the west-northwest axis of the auditorium. The architect's ingenious solution for the problem of an irregular lot thus provided the maximum seating area as well as the unique feature of the circular lobby. The "lobby" between the circle and the concession area is paneled in wood veneer and on the left wall is a quotation from Thomas Jefferson on the freedoms of press, religion, and person (Photo 14). Not specified on the original plans, this was probably added during World War II, when patriotism ran high in both the movies and the public. A small phone booth occupies the right wall.

On passing through into the present concession area, the concession stand itself is directly across from the doors (Photo 15). In the mid-1980's, the stand was remodeled, taking up three rows in the center section of the auditorium to provide more space for both the vendors and the public. The concession area was originally the standing room section, separated by a row of columns and a low wall from the seating area (Photo 16). The columns remain on either side of the concession stand and flanking the double doors at each aisle. The columns are covered in "Flexwood", a thin wood veneer. Two plain plywood molding bands serve as streamlined capitals. The walls of the enclosed area are also covered in wood veneer (Photo 17). The double doors each have vertical diamond-shaped lights. The wall on the lobby side is plaster.

At the north and south ends of the concession area are exit doors. Near the north door, also the service entrance, is the manager's office, a small functional room leading into a storage room. Originally, the office had a small glass block window which is now blocked by the 1962 cleaners shop addition. The men's lounge and restroom are next to the office. The lounge walls were originally ashlar concrete block with a non-working fireplace and mantel (Photo 18). The mantel remains, but it and the walls have been resurfaced with composition material. A dado runs around the room, which still has its beamed ceiling and broken ceramic tile floor. A maintenance storage area, originally designated as the usher's room, leads off the

### National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet The Sena

The Senator Theatre Baltimore Maryland



Section number \_\_\_7 Page \_\_\_4\_\_

lounge. Another door passes through into the restroom. The toilet partitions are pink Tennessee marble.

The ladies' lounge and restroom is at the opposite end of the concession area. Where the men's lounge is square and angular, the ladies' lounge is curving and flowing in line (Photo 19). The lounge is circular and has plastered and painted walls. The original design featured a pastel-mirrored fireplace and mantel opposite the door and tapestry-covered walls. The mantelpiece is now gone. A small entry foyer, formed when the original arrangement of the stalls was altered during construction, leads into the restroom. The original black and white tile has been replaced with all-white tile.

The mezzanine promenade is reached by an enclosed iron-railed staircase of three flights. The promenade is a generally rectangular area with one curved wall formed by the upper lobby with its three overlooks. Two Flexwood-covered columns are located in the center of the promenade. The wall lights in the promenade are wrought iron and glass fixtures from the demolished Valencia Theater which stood in the unit block of West Lexington Street in downtown Baltimore. The swirl-figured carpet in black, beige, and red in this area is the original installation (Photo 20). Directly opposite the curved wall is the projection room. It contains all the working equipment of the theater, projectors, rewind platters, sound and lighting controls, and work tables. Flanking the projection room are two private viewing rooms. The north room was originally equipped with amplifiers for deaf patrons at each seat. The south room was the original nursery, with two rows of seats in front of an open area furnished with a playpen, children's table and chairs, and high chairs. Stenciled cartoon characters embellished the back wall above the veneered dado. The room now has four rows of seats.

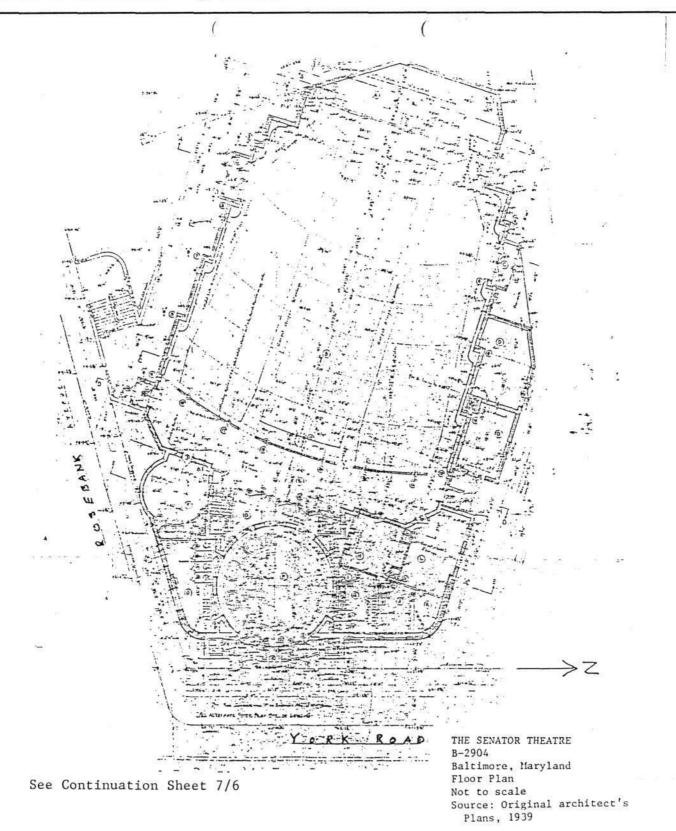
The auditorium retains its original size and configuration except for the concession stand alteration described above. Seating 929, it is one of the few undivided move theater auditoria of the pre-World War II period existing in Baltimore (Photo 21). On entering, attention is drawn to the ceiling above the screen, where a semi-circular line of light prisms in red and green is illuminated. A further row of light boxes edges the central ceiling area. The ceiling along the sides was originally painted in a stylized mural of clouds and lines. The ceiling is now a uniform beige color. The walls, covered with ceiling-to-floor draperies converge toward the proscenium, terminating in fluted piers, their bases decorated with geometric volute and medallion panels (Photos 22-23). These were highlighted originally in gold leaf, but are now painted in matte finish beige. The stage is fronted by curved and fluted light shields. The angles along the side walls contain wall lights which are part of the original equipment, but which have lost their upper portions (Photo 24). A series of graduated trumpet shapes topped with a plume, this part of the lights was removed in the 1950's. The walls originally had a plaster dado decorated with curving, half-round, gold leaf moldings. The upper walls were covered in tapestry. The walls now have sound equipment placed at several points.

# National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet The Senat

The Senator Theatre

Section number \_\_\_\_7 Page \_\_\_5

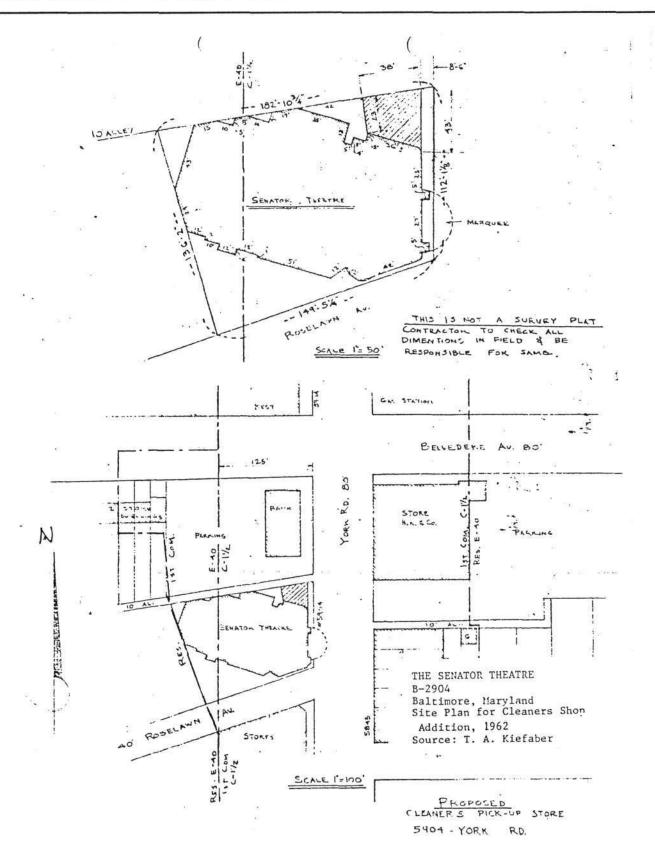
Baltimore Maryland



# National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet The Senat

The Senator Theatre Baltimore Maryland B-2904

Section number \_\_\_\_7\_\_ Page \_\_\_6\_\_



## National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet The Sena



The Senator Theatre Baltimore Maryland

Section number \_\_\_8 Page \_\_\_1

#### HISTORIC CONTEXT:

MARYLAND COMPREHENSIVE HISTORIC PRESERVATION PLAN DATA

Geographic Organization:

Piedmont

Chronological/Developmental Period(s):

Modern Period A.D. 1930 - Present

Prehistoric/Historic Period Theme(s):

Architecture/Landscape Architecture/Community Planning

Resource Type:

Category:

Building

Historic Environment:

Suburban

Historic Function(s) or Uses(s):

Recreation and Culture/Theater/Movie Theater

Known Design Source:

John J. Zink, Architect

### National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet The Sena

B-2904

The Senator Theatre Baltimore Maryland

Section number \_\_\_8 Page \_\_\_2

#### HISTORIC SETTING:

The city of Baltimore, founded in the late eighteenth century, was focused on its port and related trade through much of its history. By the early twentieth century, however, the city's growth began to include activities not specifically related to industry. The area of recreation and cultural activity responded to population growth and prosperity as well as to the technological advances of the Photography improved and motion picture development led to the proliferation of motion picture parlors and theaters. From a simple assembly hall beginning, the improvement of visual quality and, most importantly, sound in the late 1920's spurred the growth of a new building type, the movie theater. Although slowed by the economic conditions of the Great Depression in the 1930's, the city's population grew and suburbs developed. As the automobile and streetcar made transport available to all, the historical concentration of activities in the central city declined and movie theaters, along with churches, banks, schools, stores, and other amenities formerly associated with "downtown" began to appear in suburbs convenient to the newest residential areas. Nearly 100 movie theaters operated in Baltimore in the 1920's and 1930's. One burgeoning suburban area was the Govans section and specifically the York Road running through the suburb. Here on the historic turnpike to York, Pennsylvania appeared the strips of shops and services, concentrating in nodes near the major cross routes. That near the Northern Parkway became the location of the first suburban branch of a major local department store, Hochschild-Kohn, in 1949. Ten years earlier, The Senator Theatre had been erected in the same block of York Road directly opposite the store location. The theater was one of the earliest commercial structures in this small shopping district.

#### RESOURCE HISTORY:

The Senator Theatre was built by Durkee Enterprises. Frank Durkee (1888-1955) was born in Baltimore and started in the motion picture business in about 1908 by carrying his movie equipment from hall to hall. His first permanent location was the Paradise in a two-story house at Washington and Federal Streets. In addition to taking tickets, he also sang behind the screen during features. In 1916, Durkee went into partnership with Charles E. Nolte and C.W. Pacey, both theater operators in their own rights. By 1921, the Durkee firm owned the Elektra Plaza, Aladdin, Palace, Colonial, Patterson, Grand, and Belvedere in addition to their original three, the Paradise, the Garden and the Linwood. By 1926, they added five more theaters. Eight more theaters were built or acquired by 1935. In 1935, they built the Ambassador, their most elaborate theater to date. (The Ambassador still stands, but is no longer used as a theater.) Between 1935 and 1939, the year Durkee built The Senator Theatre, two more theaters were added to the chain.

The Durkee chain specialized in neighborhood movie houses rather than firstrun downtown palaces, but in the mid-1930's they began building theaters in the Art

## National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet The Senat

B-2904

The Senator Theatre Baltimore Maryland

Section number \_\_\_8 Page \_\_\_3

Deco style which rivaled the downtown houses in beauty and comfort. The Ambassador was designed by John J. Zink, who also designed The Senator Theatre. The Ambassador was the first Art Deco theater in Baltimore. It closed in 1968 and has since been altered. The Senator Theatre, built four years later in 1939, is the best surviving theater of this type and has been in continuous use since it opened. Built at a cost of \$250,000, the theater was one of the most impressive of the Durkee Chain. According to a contemporary account, it was immediately recognized as architecturally significant:

"... it embodies a striking modern architectural treatment in which the use of glass brick and fluorescent lighting have been combined to produce a spectacular night display."<sup>2</sup>

The use of glass block surrounding the drum of the round lobby is the most extensive decorative use of the material in any Baltimore structure. Other buildings such as the Green Spring Dairy feature glass block elements, but never with the intent of making a dramatic facade through the use of back lighting and different types of glass block in patterns. The Senator Theatre's lobby was apparently so admired that Durkee added a parapet to the Northway Theater which is similar to a single bay of The Senator Theatre's lobby. The painted murals were executed by Paul Roche, a well-known local artist who also completed murals in the present Charles Theater and the Enoch Pratt Library Central Building.

John J. Zink (1886-1952) was born in Baltimore and spent most of his life in the Baltimore-Washington area where he designed more than 30 movie theaters. He was trained at the Maryland Institute College of Art in Baltimore. graduation, he worked with Wyatt and Nolting, one of the most prominent firms in Baltimore in the early twentieth century. Prior to World War I, Zink studied theater architecture with Thomas Lamb in New York, attending the Columbia School of Architecture in the evenings. Returning to Baltimore about 1918, he was associated with Ewald B. Blanke and later with W.O. Sparklin. During the period when "atmospheric" theater design was very popular, Zink's work was very plain by comparison. His interests lay in the technology of theater design, achieving the best sight lines and acoustics possible. This is evident in The Senator Theatre in the skilled integration of the axial change for maximizing the seating area, a need which may have been the inspiration for the circular lobby. Among the local theaters designed by Zink are the Bridge, Patterson, Edgewood, Ambassador, Senator, Colony, Town (interior), Century, Harford, Linden, and Northway. Of these, only The Senator Theatre and the Patterson are still used as movie houses.3

#### RESOURCE ANALYSIS:

The Senator Theatre is a significant example of the Art Deco style in suburban movie theaters in Baltimore. Built in 1939, it was one of several built by Durkee Enterprises beginning in the mid-1930's which rivaled the earlier movie palaces of

NPS Form 10-900-a

### United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

### National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet The Sen

B-2904

The Senator Theatre Baltimore Maryland

Section number \_\_\_8 Page \_\_\_4\_

downtown Baltimore. It displays the characteristics of the Art Deco style in its extensive decorative use of glass block, pigmented structural glass (Vitrolite), zig-zag aluminum moldings, and the verticality of its primary feature, the round lobby. Its interior details further exemplify the Art Deco design movement: decorative panels of foliated volutes, highly stylized mural paintings, veneered walls, geometric lighting fixtures, and patterned floor.

Of the several theaters built in this style by the Durkee organization, The Senator Theatre is the only theater still in operation. The Patterson, also designed by John J. Zink, was built in 1930 in an oriental interior style. Its exterior is more similar to earlier theaters with its extensive use of brick and its vertical sign. The Ambassador's exterior style is comparable to The Senator Theatre in its use of geometric planes and horizontal bands, but its interior has been greatly changed since it closed as a theater in 1968 and was adapted for other commercial use. Among other theaters of the period in Baltimore, only the Earle, designed by John Eyring, and built in 1937 on Bel Air Road approaches The Senator Theatre in the amount of original detail still intact. The Earle is a much smaller theater, seating 700, and low in scale. Its exterior is primarily brick and it is flanked on both sides by adjoining shops. It has etched Vitrolite panels and decorative metalwork around the entrances. Its interior features are unknown.

The Senator Theatre meets the architecture criterion of the National Register because it retains most of its exterior and interior Art Deco details. In this, it is unique among suburban movie theaters in Baltimore. The integrity of the historic architectural features is amazingly complete, given the constantly shifting needs and challenges of the motion picture industry. Where changes have been made, the structural integrity of The Senator Theatre has been respected. The current owner of the theater, Thomas A. Kiefaber, plans to expand the theater by adding two new, smaller auditoria in sympathetically designed additions on the north and south elevations. Only the 1962 cleaners shop is slated for demolition. Mr. Kiefaber plans to restore much of the exterior and interior features which have been removed and to refurnish its lobby and lounges with period furniture. The original ticket office, lobby, and central marquee will remain in use, with access to the new theaters from the original building. On October 5, 1989, The Senator Theatre will mark its Golden Anniversary. It stands alone as the best surviving theater of its type in Baltimore.

Headley, Robert K., Jr., <u>Exit</u>: <u>A History of Movies in Baltimore</u>, 1974. Private publ. pp. 14-15.

<sup>&</sup>quot;New Notes of the Amusement Realm," <u>Power Pictorial</u>, No. 44 (February 1940), p. 19.

Exit, footnote, pp. 30-31.

## National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet The Sena

B-2904

The Senator Theatre Baltimore Maryland

Section number 9 Page 1

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Land Records of Baltimore City.

Maryland Inventory of Historic Properties: Baltimore. Maryland Historical Trust, Annapolis, Maryland.

Personal interviews with Thomas A. Kiefaber, owner and manager of The Senator Theatre, March-April, 1989.

Personal interview, by phone, with Fred Schmuff, Durkee Enterprises, April 25, 1989.

Power Pictorial, No. 44 (February 1940), "New Notes of the Amusement Realm," pp. 19-20.

Specifications and plans for Theater Building at 5904-6 York Road, Baltimore, Maryland for Govans Corp., John J. Zink, AIA, Architect. March 1, 1939. In possession of Thomas A. Kiefaber.

"The Senator: Baltimore's Theater of Distinction," <u>Keeping Time</u>, Vol. 1, Nos. 1 & 2. Winter and Spring 1989, pp. 3 and 5 (Newsletter of Baltimore City Commission for Historical and Architectural Preservation).

# National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet The Sens

The Senator Theatre Baltimore B-2094

Maryland Section number \_\_\_\_10 \_\_\_ Page \_\_\_\_1 Belvedere THE SENATOR THEATRE Baltimore, Maryland Plat Map Ward 27, Sec. 6465, Block 5093B, Dept. of Public Works Bureau of Plans and Surveys

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR GEOLOGICAL SURVEY 76°37′30″ 39°22'30" Pinehurst The Senator Cedarcroft meatre B-2904 B-2904 Baltimore Ramblewood Maryland omeland Woodbourne Jr High Sch 18/361230/4358170 Park Regilworth Guilford Montebell 20' Lake Eastern High Sch Baltimore City Montebello Séh



The Sevator Theatre B-2904
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Photographer: Inist Davis
April 1989
Neg. loc.: Thomas A. Kiefales
5904 York &d.
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View from northeast

From Port Agus



The Senator Theatre B-2904 Baltimore, Maryland Photoataport : Taned Davis Apri 1989 Nearloc: Thomas A. Kiefaber Sold more, Attioned East elevation 2/24



Baltimore, Maryland

Photographer: Janet Davis

April 1989

Neg. loc.: Thomas A. Kiefaber

5904 York Rd.

Baltimore, Md. 21212

Lobby, general view from entrance

11/24



The Senator Theatre B-2904

Boltmore Maryland

Photographer: Janet Davis

Neg. loc.: Thomas A. Kiefaber

5904 York Rd.

Baltimore, Md. 21212

Detail, wall lights

24/24



The Senator Theatre B-2904
Baltimore, Maryland
Photographer: Janet Davis
April 1989
Neg. loc.: Thomas A. Kiefabet
5904 York Rd.
Baltimore, Md. 21212
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23/24



The Senator Theatre B-2904
Baltimore, Maryland
Auditorium, general view from stage
Ca 1945
Neg. loc.: Thomas A. Kiefaber
5904 York Rd.
Baltimore, MD 21212
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The Senator Theatre B-2904
Baltimore, Moryland
General view, auditorium
Ca. 1945
Neg. loc: Thomas A. Kiefaber
5904 York Rd.
Baltimore, MD 21212



The Senator Theatre B-2904
Boltimore, Moryland
View of lobby interior
Ca. 1945
Neg. loc: Thomas A. Kiefaber
5904 York Rd.
Baltimore, MD 21212



B-2904 The Senator Theatre Baltimore, Maryland View south on York Road from Belvedere Ave. Ca. 1945 Neg. loc .: Thomas A. Kiefaber 5904 YORK Rd. Baltimore, MD 21212 1/11



The Senator Theatre B-2904

Baltimore Maryland

Photographer: Janet Davis

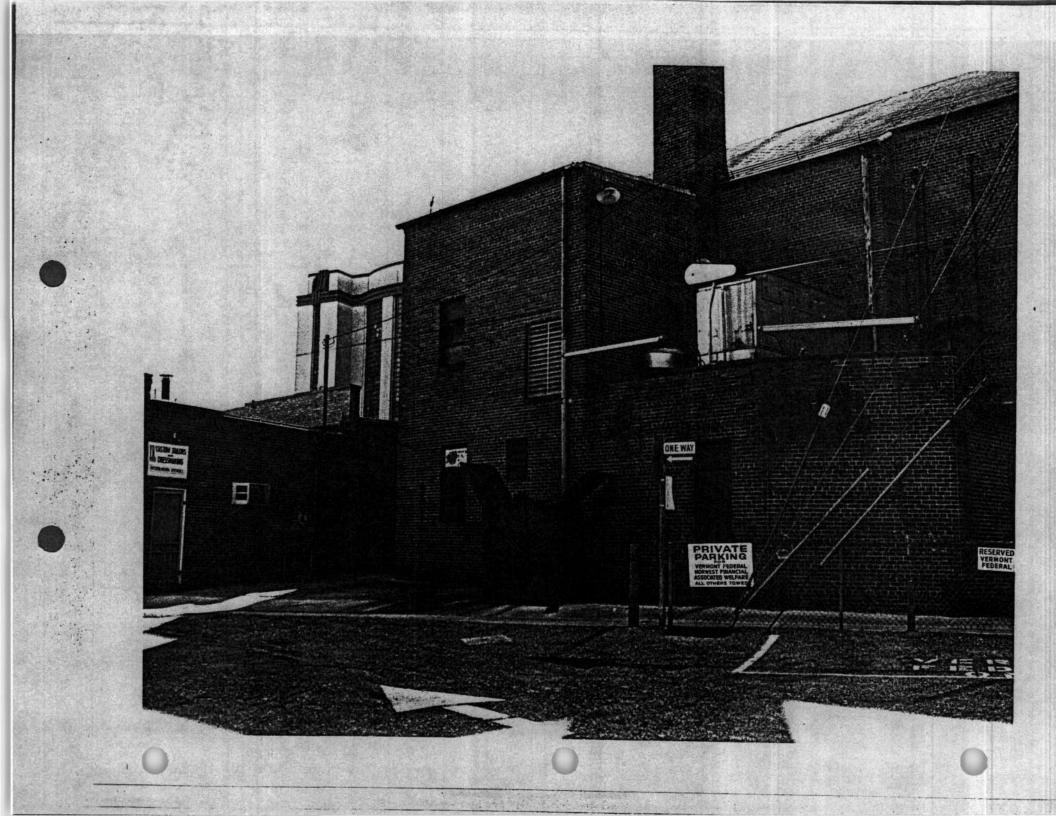
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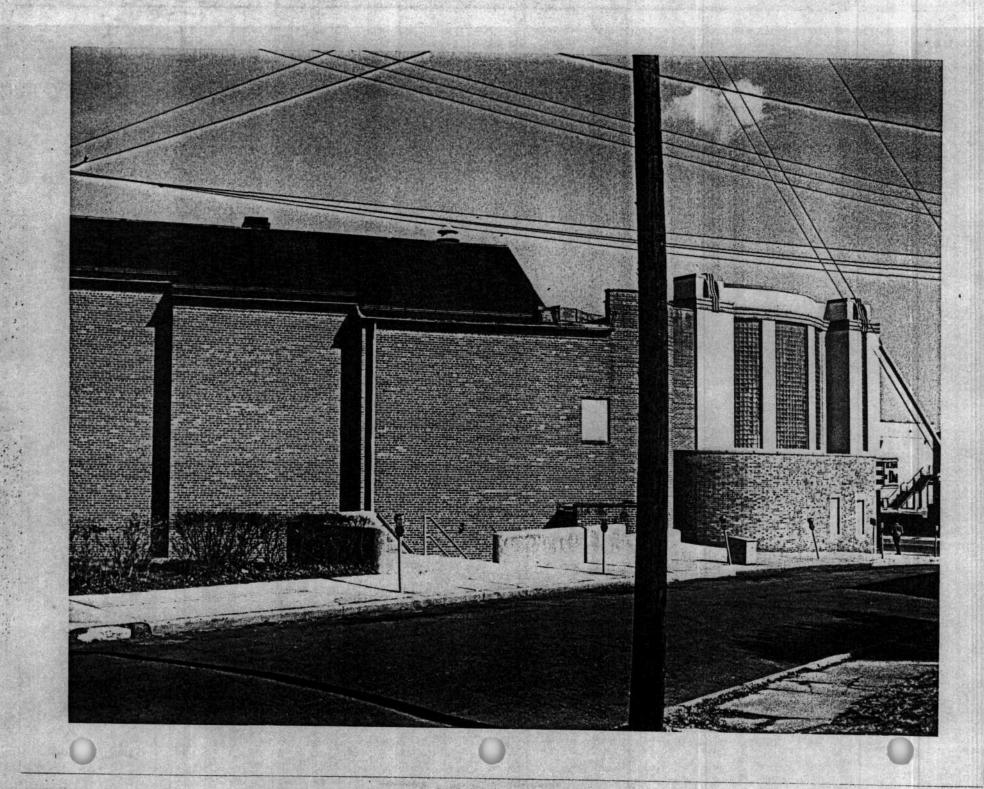
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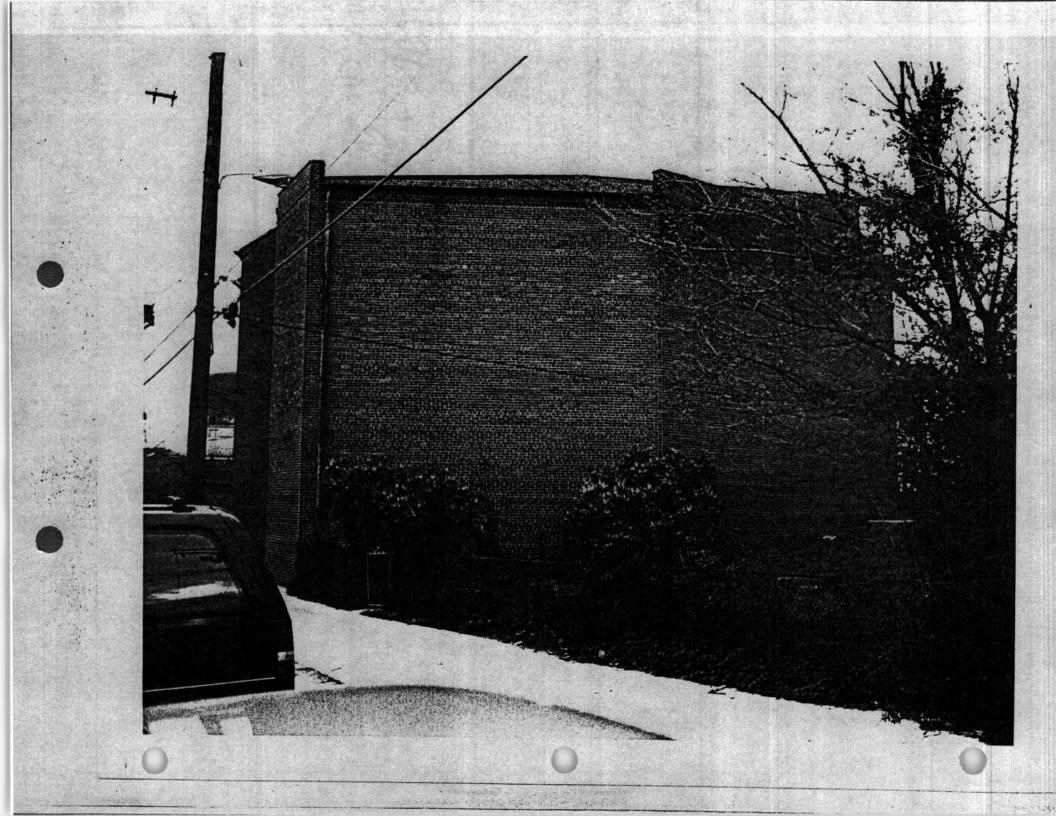
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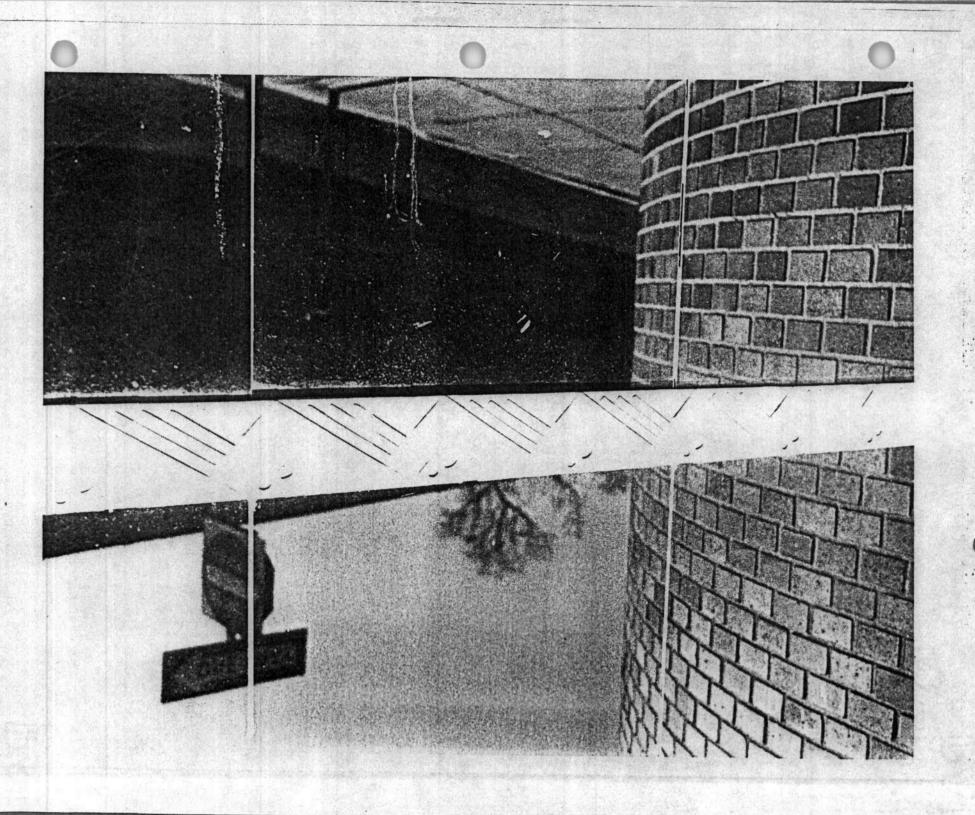
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The Jonator Theotre B-2904
Baltimore, Moryland
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May 1989
Neg. loc: Thomas A. Kiefober
5904 York Rd.
Baltimore, MD 21212
West elevation



The Senator Theatre B-2904
Baltimore, Maryland
Photographer: Janet Davis
May 1989
Nog. loc.: Thomas A. Kiefaber
5904 York Road
Politimore, MO 21212
Area on south elevation
7/24

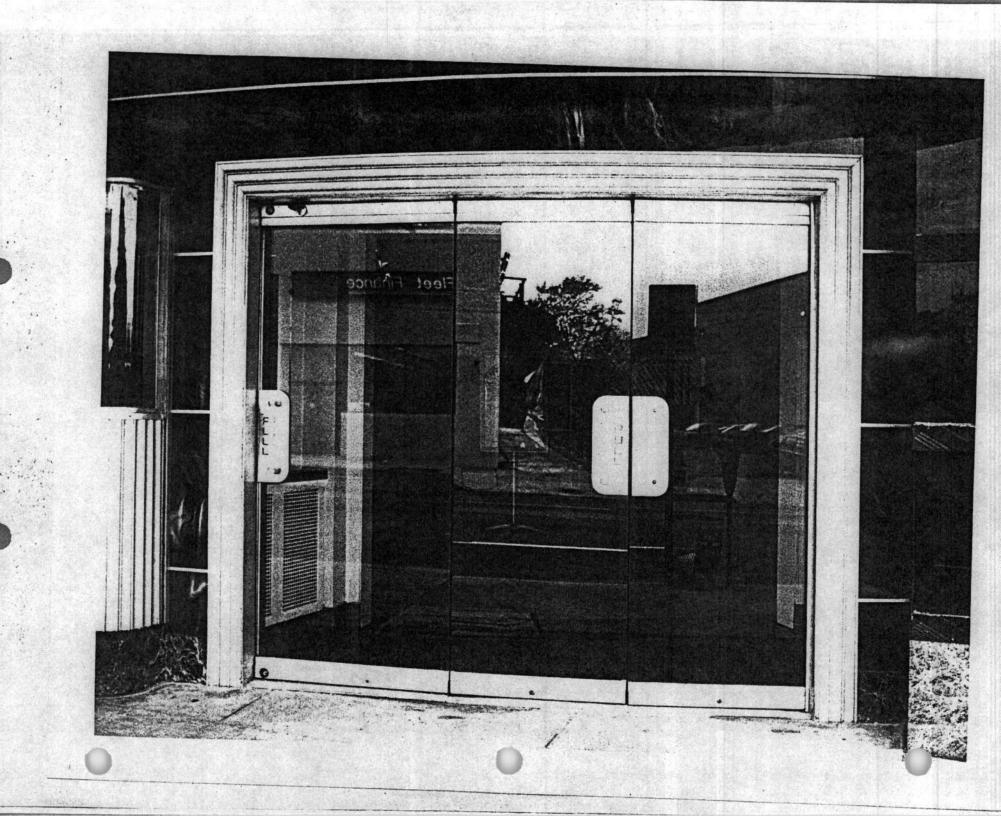


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The Senator Theatre B-2904

Boll-more Maryland

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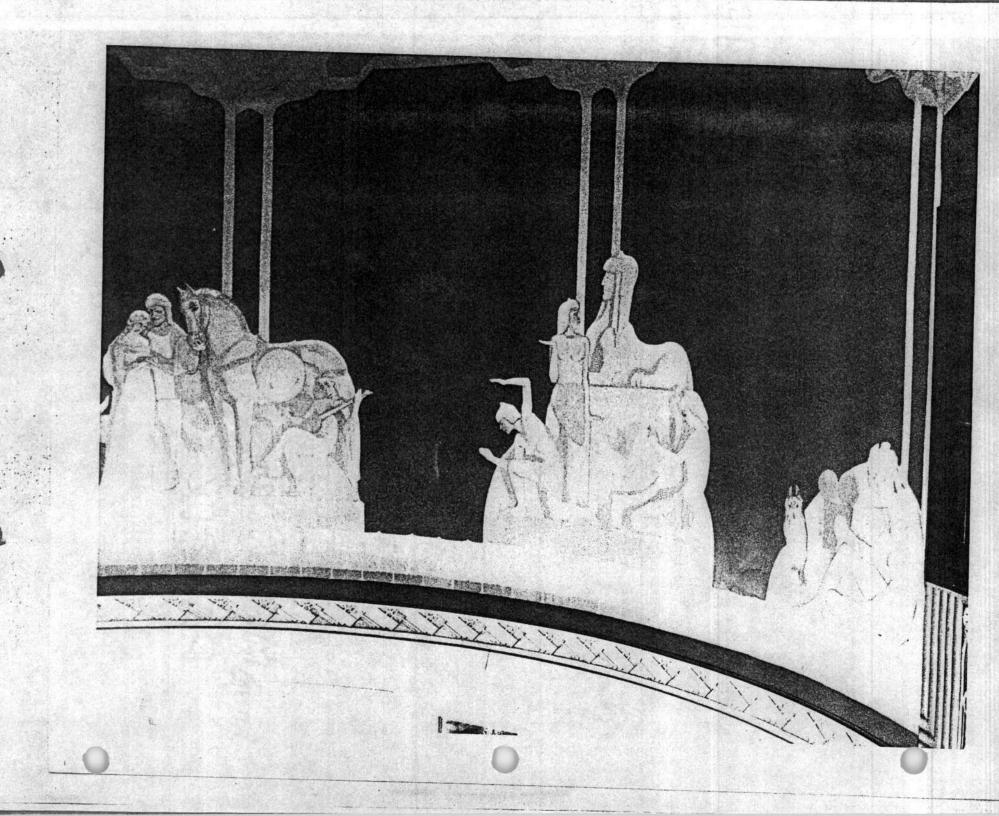
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Outail, entrance doors



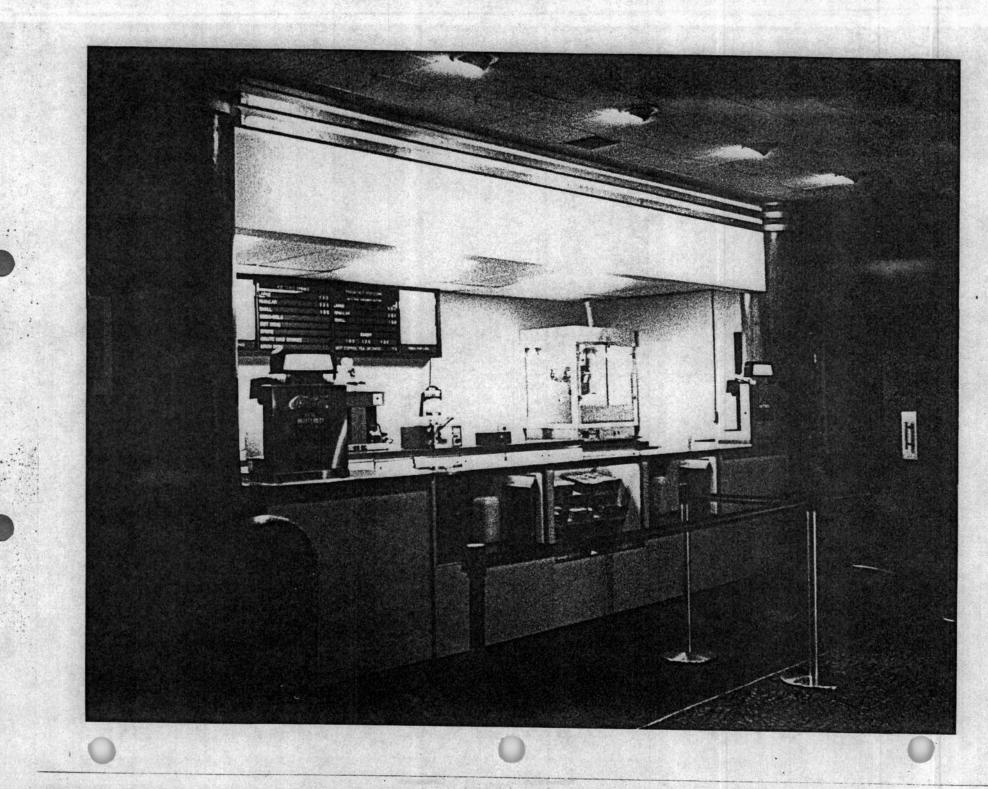
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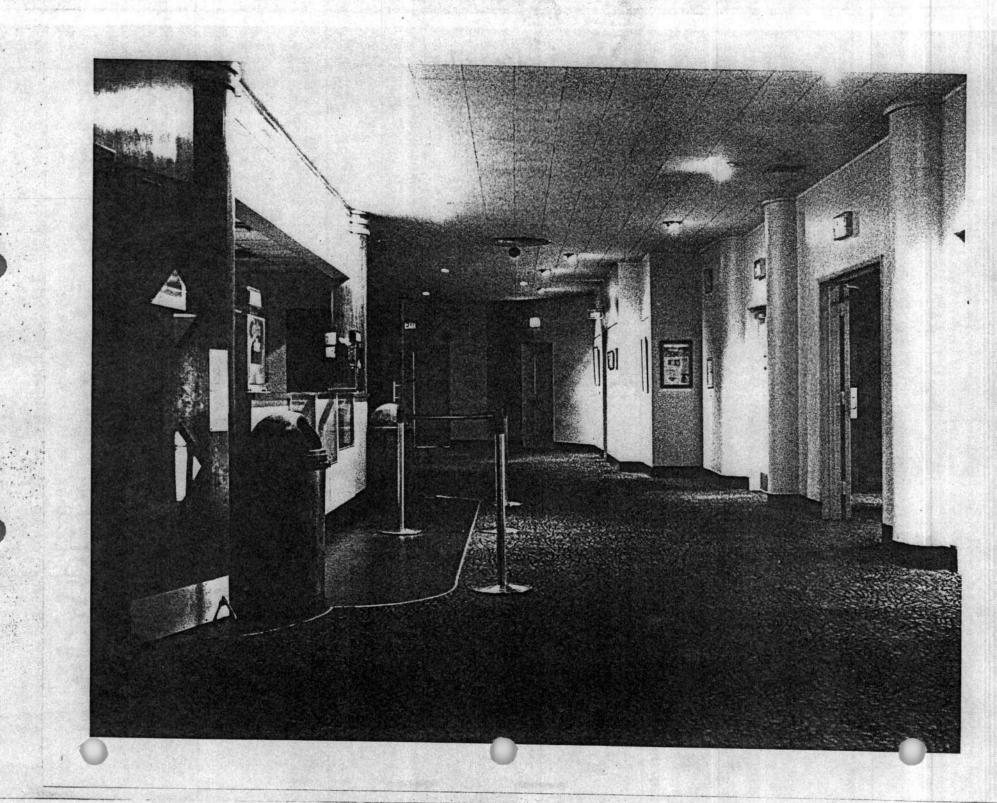
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The Senator Theatre B-2904

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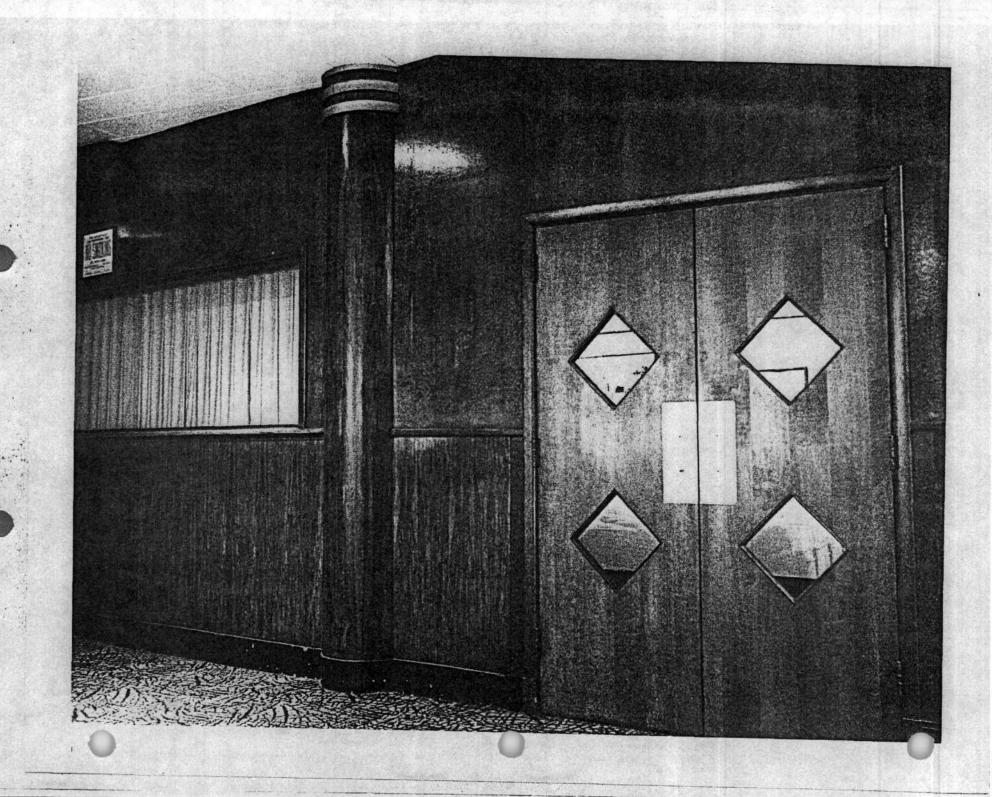
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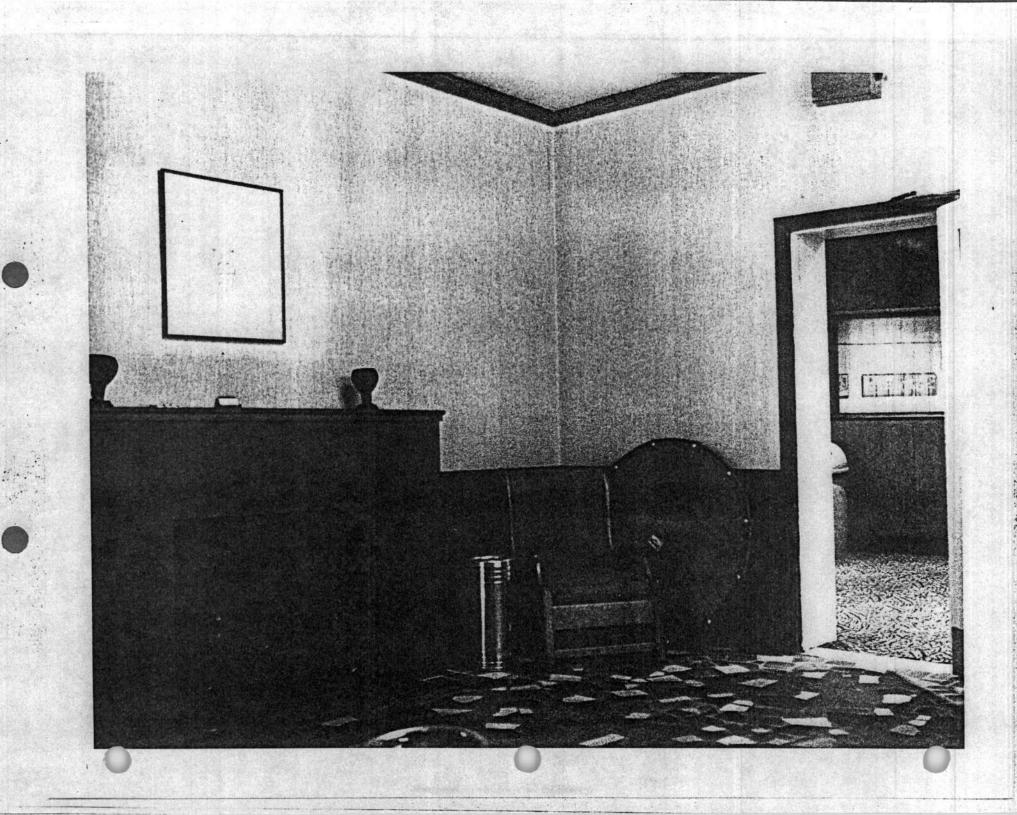
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B-2904 The Constor Theatre Ballimore, Maryland Photorraphet: Danet Louis April 1989 11, La: Thomas A. Kiefaber 3 152 Stk Rd. Callinois Md. 21212 I don't and dot our doors and forcing



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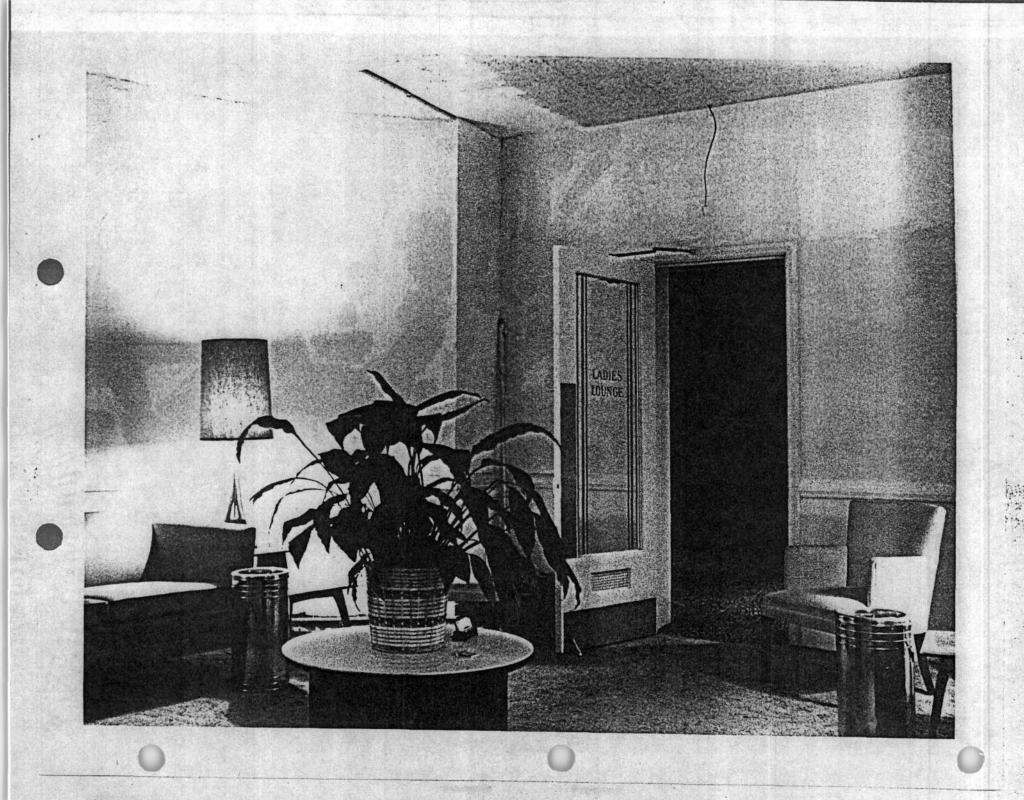
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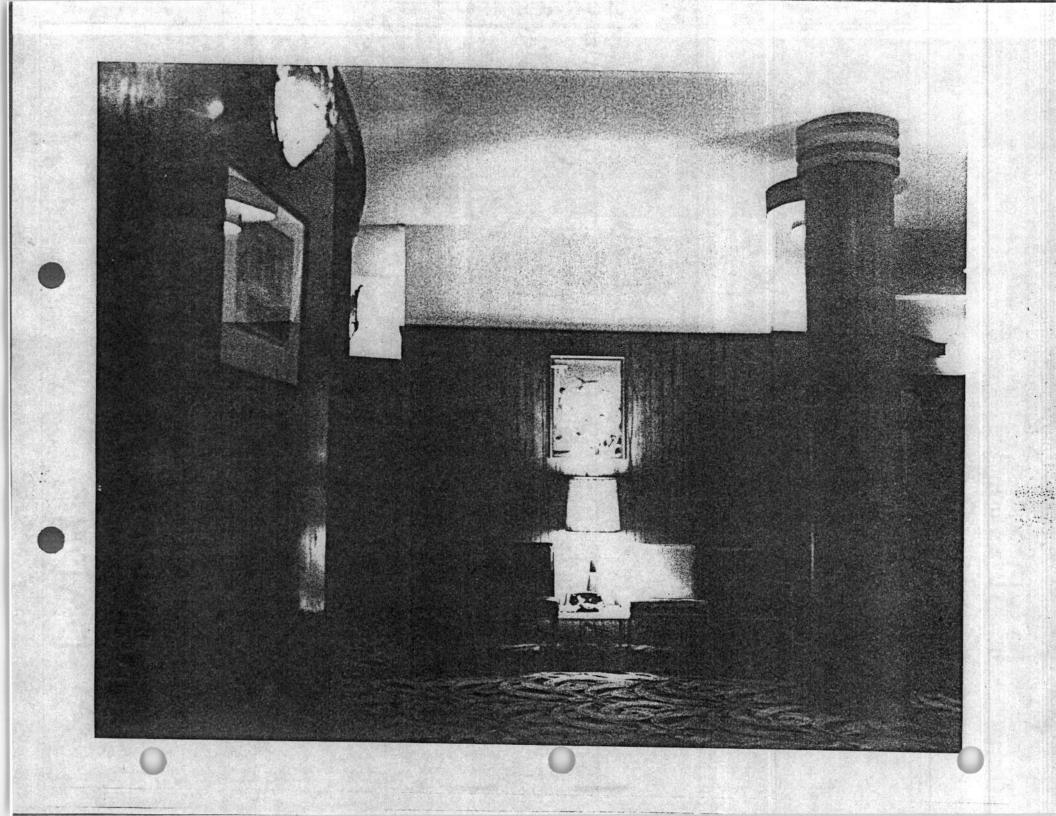
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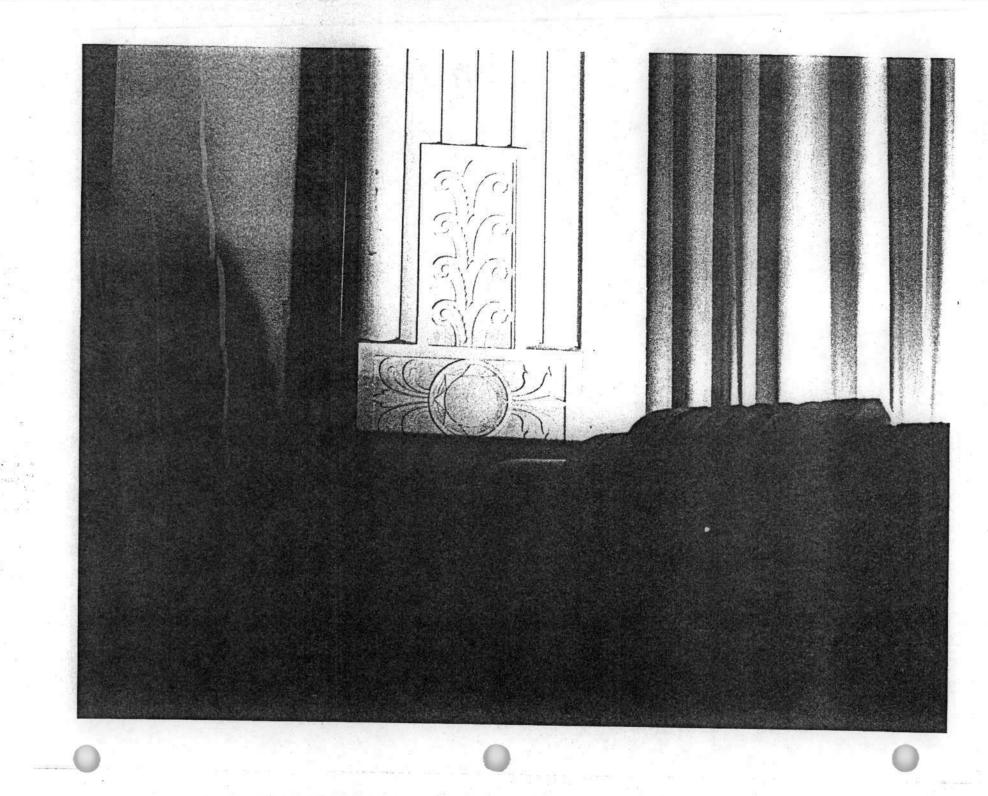
5904 York Rd

Ealtimore Md. 21212

Ladie Jounge



The Sevator Theatre B-2904
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Photographer: Janet Davis
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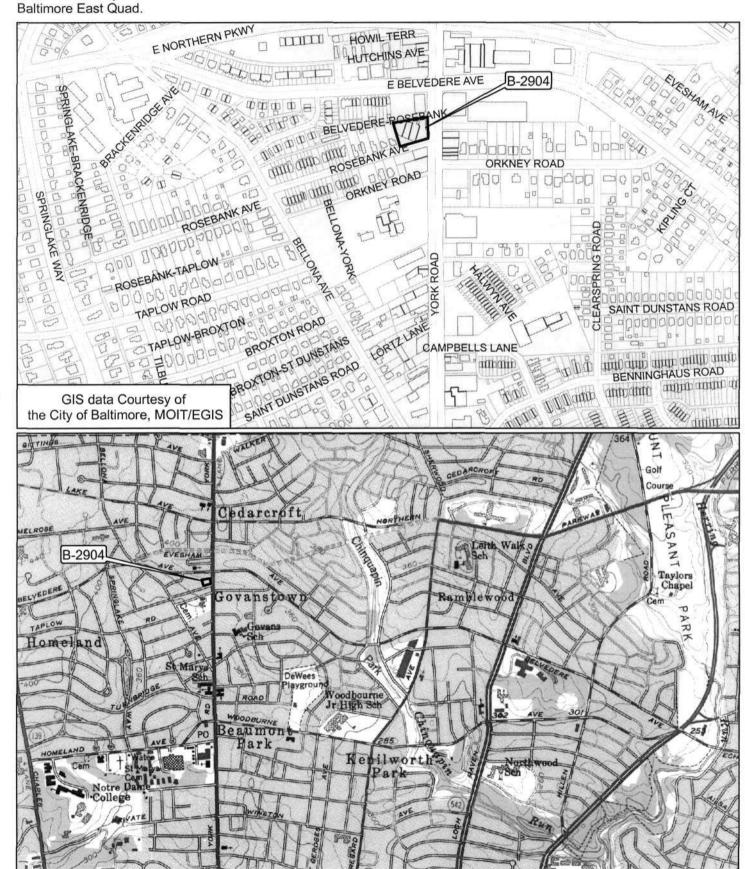
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1904 Tork Rd.

Baltimore, Mol. 21212

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B-2904 Senator Theater 5904 York Road Block 5093B Lot 025 Baltimore City Baltimore County



## MARYLAND HISTORICAL TRUST

B-2904 mpgi#0429045824

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DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

The Senator Theater, built of limestone and American Common bond brick, is of the Art Deco style.

"The exterior of the theater is a massive unit designed along simple lines, and dominated by a circular upper structure of glass blocks and limestone. At night, fluorescent lamps behind the glass provide a multi-colored lighting effect. The walls of the auditorium were covered with dubonnet and tan damask with a marcon plaster dado trimmed in shades of tan. The stage curtains were gold with silver applique work. In the center of the ceiling is a plain oval of light ivory hard-plaster with the sides and the rear of the ceiling richly decorated in a mural design in ivory and rose on a deep blue field. The circular lobby features a terrazzo floor with lower walls of antique walnut and upper walls decorated with murals in shades of ivory on an aquamarine field". (Robert Kirk Headly, Jr., Exit, p. 122)

The theaterfronts York Road, used heavily by motor vehicles and pedestrians.

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SPECIFIC DAT	TES 1939	BUILDER/ARCH	HITECT E. Eyring and Sor	ns/John J. Zink

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

The Senator Theater was built by E. Eyring and Sons for Durkee Enterprises at a cost of \$250,000. It opened Thursday, October 5, 1939 with "Stanley and Livingstone". Originally a neighborhood movie house, the Senator began showing first-run features in the early 1960's (the first neighborhood movie house in Baltimore to do so).

The Senator is among the most impressive theaters of the Art Deco style in Baltimore.

## MAJON BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

Headley, Robert Kirk, Jr. Exit: A History of Movies in Baltimore. Baltimore: Robert Kirk Headley, Jr., 1974

CONTINUE ON SEPARATE SHEET IF NECESSARY

#### MGEOGRAPHICAL DATA

ACREAGE OF NOMINATED PROPERTY

VERBAL BOUNDARY DESCRIPTION

LIST ALL STATES AND COUNTIES FOR PROPERTIES OVERLAPPING STATE OR COUNTY BOUNDARIES

STATE

COUNTY

STATE

COUNTY

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ORGANIZATION	Commission for Hist. & Arch. Pres.	DATE 1977		
STREET & NUMBER	100 N. Holliday Street	396-4866		
CITY OR TOWN		STATE		

The Maryland Historic Sites Inventory was officially created by an Act of the Maryland Legislature, to be found in the Annotated Code of Maryland, Article 41, Section 181 KA, 1974 Supplement.

The Survey and Inventory are being prepared for information and record purposes only and do not constitute any infringement of individual property rights.

RETURN TO: Maryland Historical Trust

Baltimore

The Shaw House, 21 State Circle

Annapolis, Maryland 21401

(301) 267-1438

Maryland 21202



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Senator Theater 5904 York Rd. (5093) B-2904